

8/31/2012 - Sec 1.2

Math 1060

$$1 \text{ deg} = 60 \text{ min}$$

$$1 \text{ min} = 60 \text{ sec}$$

$$37^\circ 15' 33''$$

$$33'' \cdot \frac{1'}{60''}$$

$$\frac{33}{60}'$$

$$39.3597^\circ \text{ N}$$

$$37^\circ 15' + \frac{33}{60}'$$

$$37^\circ 15.55'$$

$$15.55' \cdot \frac{1^\circ}{60'} = \frac{15.55}{60}$$

$$37.2591\bar{6}^\circ$$

$$42.31^\circ$$

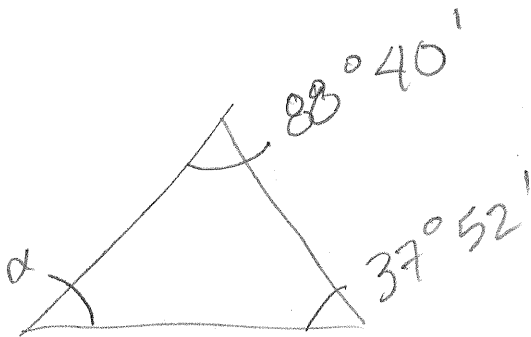
$$.31^\circ \cdot \frac{60'}{1^\circ} = 18.6'$$

$$42^\circ 18' 36''$$

$$.6' \cdot \frac{60''}{1'} = 36''$$

$$44^{\circ} 19' 32''$$

87



$$88^{\circ} 40' + 37^{\circ} 52' + \alpha = 180^{\circ}$$

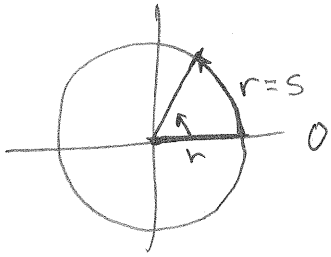
$$\begin{array}{r} 125^{\circ} 92' \\ \quad \quad \quad - 60' \\ \hline 126^{\circ} 32' + \alpha = 180^{\circ} 60' \\ - 126^{\circ} 32' \\ \hline \boxed{53^{\circ} 28'} \end{array}$$

$$\alpha =$$

Sec 1.2 Radian Measure,

Arc Length $\frac{1}{r}$ Area

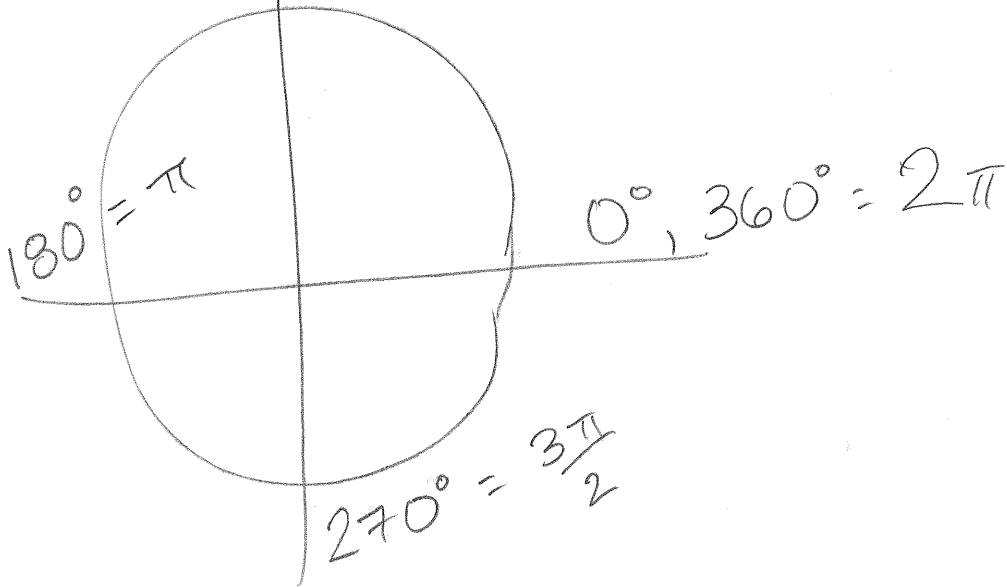
Defn: One Radian is the measure of a central angle α that intersects an arc s equal in length to the radius of the circle



$$360^\circ = 2\pi \text{ rad}$$

$$180^\circ = \pi \quad \Gamma$$

$$90^\circ = \frac{\pi}{2}$$



$$-120^\circ \cdot \frac{\pi \text{ rad}}{180^\circ} = -\frac{120\pi}{180}$$

$$= -\frac{2\pi}{3}$$



Co terminal angles

in degrees differed by
multiple of 360°

in Radians differ by
multiples of 2π

$$\frac{\pi}{3} + 2\pi = \left(\frac{1}{3} + 2\right)\pi$$

2 positive

$$\frac{7\pi}{3}, \frac{13\pi}{3}$$

2 negative

$$-\frac{5\pi}{3}, -\frac{11\pi}{3}$$

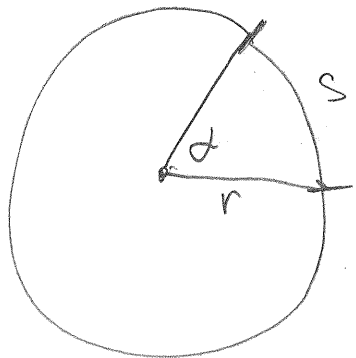
$$\frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{2\pi \cdot 3}{1 \cdot 3}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{3} - \left(\frac{6\pi}{3}\right) - \frac{6\pi}{3}$$

Radian

$$\alpha = \frac{s}{r}$$

← central angle ← arc length



$$s = \alpha r$$

α must be in Radians

Example 4b

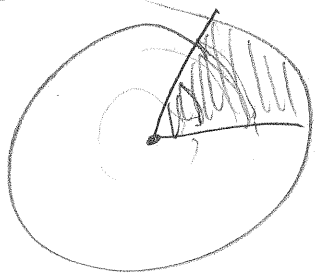
a wagon wheel has diameter 28 in
angle in between spokes is 30°

$$30^\circ \cdot \frac{\pi}{180^\circ} = \frac{30\pi}{180} = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$s = \frac{\pi}{6} \cdot 14$$

$$= 7.3304 \text{ in}$$

Area of Sector



$$\frac{A}{\pi r^2} = \frac{\alpha}{2\pi}$$

$$A = \frac{\alpha r^2}{2}$$